

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

Grounds for the New Ball Club Will Be Selected To-day.

LAST NIGHT'S BOWLING GAMES

Were Very Interesting—La Belle Takes Two from This Bowlers at the Mission—Provident and Calumet Part Even at Wheeling Park—The Races at New Orleans—Other News in the Sporting and Athletic World.



11 of the local people interested in the future of the Wheeling team in the Interstate base ball league will be interested in the visit here to-day of Al C. Buckenberger and his manager, Will White, of Bellaire, when they will come to a decision regarding the location of grounds. The announcement of the action of the State Fair association regarding the putting in of a base ball diamond in front of their new grand stand, gave that location a decided boom in popular favor yesterday.

The State Fair people seem to be alive to this chance of having their fine grounds in use more than the fifteen or twenty days usual in past years, and Buckenberger will be in consultation with them regarding this matter to-day. The great advantage of the State Fair grounds site is the fact that its selection by the ball club will do away with the big expense of equipping a park, which is necessary if any of the other places mentioned are selected.

The grounds question will surely be settled to-day.

Glennivina a "Hooser." "Bob" Glennivina, who played second and captained the Wheeling Tri-state league team in 1890, has signed with Indianapolis, of the Western league. He played in the Detroit "Wolverine" aggregation last year.

LAST NIGHT'S BOWLING.

LaBelle Defeat The Bowlers in Two Games—Provident and Calumet Part Even.

WHEELING LEAGUE.

Club	Won	Lost	Per Cent	Score
LaBelle	9	0	1.00	821
Nationals	6	0	1.00	872
The Brownies	6	0	1.00	914
Louis	5	3	.625	931
The Bowlers	5	3	.625	863
Columbia	2	4	.333	829
Provident	2	6	.250	821
Pen and Pencil	1	5	.167	817
Calumet	1	5	.167	815
Wheeling	0	6	.000	821

Last night, at the Museum alleys, the LaBelle and the Bowlers came together for two games, and the LaBelle fell on the top of the heap. The first game was remarkable only for the small scores. Neither club rolled a game anything like the average expected of them. James Day had the highest individual, 141, while List led for the Bowlers with 138. Score:

LaBelle—Stevenson 128, Wells 138, McCoy 110, Will Day 103, Rhee 135, James Day 141. Total 753.

Bowlers—Lamb 109, List 138, Rihel-daffer 137, Laird 106, Speidel 101, C. Ebeling 102. Total 693.

In the second game the Bowlers did much better, while the LaBelles were unable to show a winning gait. James Day again distinguished himself and led in number of pins. Speidel led for his team. Score:

LaBelle—Stevenson 131, Wells 118, McCoy 129, Will Day 153, Rhee 138, James Day 155. Total 824.

The Bowlers—Lamb 109, List 138, Rihel-daffer 137, Laird 106, Speidel 101, C. Ebeling 102. Total 693.

They Parted Even.

Last night at Wheeling Park alleys the Provident and Calumet teams met and parted even. The scores were:

First game—Calumet 779, Provident 754.

Second game—Provident 818, Calumet 815.

Broke World's Records.

RED BANK, N. J., Jan. 24.—Johnson, Mosher and Davidson broke some world's records this morning, skating with the wind. They were as follows: Davidson, 220 yards, standing start, 16 4-5; Johnson, standing start, 440 yards, 29 2-5; Mosher, flying start, 220 yards, 16 2-5. These are not official records.

THE MANUFACTURERS

Elect Officers and Then Adjourn Since Dis—West Virginia Adjourned.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 24.—At the afternoon session of the National Manufacturers' convention the following officers were elected: President, Thomas Dolan, Philadelphia; secretary, S. P. Wilson, Cincinnati; treasurer, Robert Laidlaw, Cincinnati.

Vice presidents were selected for each state, among them being, New York, Warner M. Miller; Pennsylvania, William S. Shallenberger; Ohio, Thomas P. Egan; Kentucky, Theodore Ahrens; Virginia, Dabney Krenshaw; West Virginia, N. B. Scott.

The president and the vice presidents for New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, California, Michigan and Wisconsin, the twelve states showing the most manufacturing, constitute the executive committee, with full power to fill all vacancies, transact the business intervening between annual conventions and fix the time and place for the national conventions each year. The general offices of the association were located in Cincinnati, and for this reason the secretary and treasurer were selected from this city.

Thomas Dolan, the first president of this national organization, employs over 5,000 men in his woolen manufacturing, is vice president of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company, and an officer and director in many large concerns in New York and Philadelphia.

Resolutions were adopted in favor of manufacturers making exhibits at the coming expositions at Nashville and Atlanta, and at all the expositions of the South American republics.

To-night over one thousand plates were turned at a very elaborate banquet, and the first national convention of the Manufacturers' Association of the United States adjourned sine die.

Drowned Her Children.

BOSTON, MASS., Jan. 24.—Mrs. Margaret McVernay drowned two of her children at her home to-day and after laying them out for burial, went to the police station and told the police. The woman is believed to be demented.

UNITED STATES COURT.

An Interesting Case in Judge Jackson's Court Yesterday.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

PARKERSBURG, Jan. 24.—The most interesting case of this term of the United States court was tried to-day. It was the trial of Captain John S. Summers, formerly part owner and master of the Harry D. Knox and now captain and owner of the Valley Belle, for running the Knox one trip from Ravenswood to Parkersburg without a licensed engineer. Captain Summers, who is a young man about thirty, conducted his own defense, made his statement to the jury, questioned the witnesses and argued the case. He always spoke of himself in the third person as Captain John S. Summers. It was shown that he brought the Knox from Ravenswood to Parkersburg without an engineer because he could not find one. There were no passengers and he refused to take on passengers or freight until he got an engineer. His speeches to the jury were exceedingly interesting and the court room was crowded. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and Judge Jackson fined him \$100, stating that he would ask the President to remit the fine, it being imposed simply to maintain the dignity of the law.

Volcano's Bustled Room.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 24.—The citizens of the independent school district of Volcano in this county have petitioned the legislature to annul the charter and let them go back as a part of Walker district. Years ago, during the oil excitement, there, Volcano was one of the most flourishing towns in West Virginia. Hotels, churches, schools, business houses and fine residences were built and many fortunes were made, but when the oil business collapsed the bottom fell out of the town, and it is now not able to support a school.

Burglars Captured.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

STEEBENVILLE, OHIO, Jan. 24.—Two of the professional burglars who have entered banks, postoffices and business establishments along the Ohio Valley for the past two weeks, were neatly trapped at Empire, this county, last night. The burglars had entered the Cleveland & Pittsburgh station offices at Freemans and Empire, this county, and were arrested while loitering around the latter place. Their actions aroused the suspicions of the station agent, who went down late to slack the fire, so he notified the officers. The men gave their names as Charles Russell and Dallas Smith and their homes as East Liverpool. Considerable booty was found on their persons and was identified by the station agents. They were given a hearing and bound over to court.

WAR IS EXPECTED.

The Frontier Dispute Arouses Strong Volunteer Spirit in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 24.—With the immense demonstration of students in this capital, the war feeling throughout the republic has been wrought up to a high pitch. Reports from many interior points show a rising spirit of patriotism among the majority of the people.

Don Emilio de Leon, Guatemalan minister to Mexico, was outside his hotel when the students' procession was moving, and had an opportunity of viewing the feelings of the Mexican people on the international boundary dispute and the firm stand taken by Mexico. A full report of the proceedings was sent by the Guatemalan representative to President Barrios at Guatemala, and it is said to have created a profound impression in government circles. This city is quiet and orderly, although the effects of the patriotic storm are easily discernible. The volunteer movement is rapidly spreading, and it would evidently be possible to raise 25,000 volunteers in this city alone within a day or two, if the general government indicated.

Comitan—The government has sent forces to the Guatemalan frontier almost daily, and camp quarters for a large body of men have been arranged for near this place. A few Guatemalans living in this vicinity have left for their native country, and others who are disgusted with the course of President Barrios and the Guatemalan administration have fled to Mexico rather than be pressed into an unwilling service. Reports from the other side of the border are that Guatemala is using every effort to work up meetings of patriotism among the people. When persuasion fails, it is given out that when the government needs men it will press them into service. Nearly every house within 100 miles of the border has been secured by one means or another, and a strenuous effort is being made to secure more.

The uncommunicative policy of the Guatemalan government is having a disastrous effect upon the public order, and many alarms are constantly felt by the residents of the frontier, fearing an invasion of the mounted Mexican rurales. It is generally felt that should war ensue the frontier will be so overrun by troops and pillaging rangers that life will be a burden.

The eastern border is in a ferment over impending hostilities between Mexico and Guatemala. More troops are being centered about the frontiers and a heavy movement of people is noticeable on every hand. Fugitives from Guatemala are arriving here almost daily. They number many Guatemalan revolutionists, but are for the most part native born Mexicans who have taken up their residence on Guatemalan territory. Large parties are on their way from Quetzaltenango, northern Guatemala, either afraid to remain in their homes or coming with the purpose of enlisting against the government which they leave behind.

Dyspepsia seldom causes death, but permits its victims to live in misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles.

The ruling dynasty of Japan has been in power since long before the Christian era.

S FOR

CURES SCROFULA, BLOOD POISON.

S THE

CURES CANCER, ECZEMA, TETTER.

S BLOOD

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for liver, stomach and kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. These remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them, and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at Logan Drug Company's drug store.

Four Big Successes.

CHARLTON CORNWELL, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy. I can recommend to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough, with the best results."

MUST RUN CARS.

Judge Gaynor Issues a Decision Which Will Compel the Companies to Operate Their Roads.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 24.—Justice Gaynor, of the supreme court, handed down his decision on the application of Joseph Leader, for the mandamus to compel the Brooklyn Heights railroad to operate its cars in sufficient number to accommodate the traveling public on the Fulton street, Putnam avenue, Greene and Gates, and Tompkins avenue lines. He signified his intention of granting a mandamus, the form to be determined on the argument of counsel in court tomorrow.

Mr. Leader, upon whose application the writ of mandamus is issued, is a merchant who alleges that his business suffers by reason of the failure of the company to operate its lines.

Judge Gaynor's decision is as follows: "It is my duty to declare the law of this case. The railroad corporation is not in the position of a mere private individual or company carrying on business for private gain, which may suspend business temporarily or permanently at pleasure. On the contrary, it has a dual relation—a public relation to the people of the state, and a private one to its stockholders. It must not be forgotten here, though it may seem to be wholly forgotten elsewhere, that in its chief aspect it is a public corporation, having duties to perform to the public which transcend any obligation which in its private aspect it owes to its stockholders. It has received franchises of great value from the state, and has conferred upon it the state's transcendent power of eminent domain.

"In return, it took upon itself the performance of public duties and functions, in the performance of which it is in law and in fact not an independent individual or entity, but the accountable agent of the state. Though the principles are old and inherent in the idea of the sovereignty of the people, it would seem that in the recent rapid growth of corporate power, and of the tendency to use the public franchise for the aggrandizement of the individuals first and for the service and benefit of the public second, they have come to be somewhat overlooked, and need to be restated.

"The duty of the company now before the court is to carry passengers through certain streets of Brooklyn and to furnish, man and run cars enough to fully accommodate the public. It may not lawfully cease to perform that duty for even one hour. The directors of a private business company may, actuated by private greed, or motives of private gain, stop business and refuse to employ labor at all, unless labor come down to their conditions, however distressing; for such are the existing legal, industrial and social conditions. But the directors of a railroad corporation may not do the like; they are not merely accountable to stockholders; they are accountable to the public first and to the stockholders second.

"They have duties to the public to perform, and they must perform them. If they cannot get labor to perform such duties at what they offer to pay, then they must pay more, and as much as is necessary to get it. Likewise, if the conditions in respect of hours or otherwise which they impose reveal labor, they must adopt more lenient or just conditions. They may not stop their cars for one hour, much less one week or one year, thereby to beat or coerce the price or conditions of labor down to the price or conditions they offer. For them to do so would be a defiance of law and of government, which, becoming general, would inevitably, by the force of example, lead to general disquiet, to the disintegration of the social order, and even the downfall of government itself. Experience shows the wisdom of our fathers in retaining at least some control of corporations to whom are given public franchises for the performance of public duties.

"It being admitted that the company is not fully operating its lines of road, I feel it my duty to allow the writ prayed for, either in its peremptory or alternative form, unless a sufficient answer has been made in law. As I have said, the learned judge who heard the previous application decided that the answer then made was even insufficient to raise a question of fact, and only refused the writ in order to give the company more time with an admonition to it that it should not longer delay. I do not think the present answer of the company is sufficient to prevent a writ from being issued. The claim of violence amounting to a prevention is not legally made out. Instances of violence generally by other than the former employees of the company is shown, but it is also shown that not only the police force of the city, but also over 7,000 soldiers are preserving order, and I cannot believe that the company is not protected in its rights, nor do I think any question of fact is fairly raised on that head.

"Beside, the persistency of the company in failing to run its cars except as it may gradually get employees to accept its terms, being in itself unlawful, must necessarily by its bad example tend to public disquiet, if not to some disorder. In respect of the question of hours and of wages between the company and its employees, its duty was to have gone on, and now is to go on, with its full complement of employees, having the right gradually and from day to day to supersede its employees if it can by new employees who will work on its terms, or to supersede them all at once when it has obtained a sufficient number of new employees for that purpose; but in such a controversy it has not the right to stop its cars while it is thus gradually getting other men. If the people of the state were running these roads they would not thus inconvenience and damage themselves; and it must not be forgotten that this corporation is entrusted with the running of these roads as the servant of the people of the state.

"Each party has the right to obtain the best terms it can; and as was said in the freight handlers' case, if the company cannot get men at a price that it thinks fair it is bound to get at a price it may deem exorbitant, because its duty is to run its road."

Bellaire.

All Sorts of Local News and Gossip from the Glass City.

George M. Wise, D. H. Milligan and Hon. C. L. Weems, having completed an examination of the report of the commissioners of this county, discover that one fund is running behind at the rate of \$10,000 each year, and has been for some time, and appeal to the interested citizens of the county to assist the officers in bringing the expenses within the limits allowed by law. They also find the bonded debt of the county to be \$338,000. The extravagance was commenced with the building of the new court house.

Mike Monahan and Jack Conroy, the boys sent up to jail from here for burglary and attempt at burglary, both pleaded not guilty, and the court appointed attorneys for them. James Stidd and Hazel Milligan, two other boys who were sent up for stealing the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling train here one evening, also pleaded not guilty, and Judge C. W. Carroll and J. B. Smith were appointed to defend them.

Newell K. Kennon, the well-known lawyer, has been elected president of the new national bank at St. Clairsville; Henry M. Davies, clerk of the courts; vice president, F. M. Cowen, J. O. Porterfield and Albert Trol are applicants for the cashiership, but no one has been selected yet.

The grocery firm of Jacob Koyser & Son was closed yesterday on judgments confessed in favor of Steward & Ward for \$300; S. Baer's Sons, \$50.58; Joseph Speidel & Company, \$192. There are other claims not yet in. The stock is valued at \$1,200 by the firm, but at less by the creditors.

The funeral of Benjamin F. Ogle, the old river pilot, took place yesterday afternoon and was largely attended. The funeral contributions were all handsome, one especially pretty design being that of a pilot wheel.

In the case of Adelia Coffman against Matthew Watkins and others for the illegal sale of liquor to her husband, an agreement was made to take judgment for \$100 and this settled the case.

Hon. C. L. Weems, the prosecuting attorney, was in town yesterday, gathering up some facts with reference to criminal cases that come up in court from here.

Mr. Oliver Maun and Miss Media Rice will be married at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. D. H. Rice, next Wednesday evening.

Rev. O. W. Holmes, who was threatened with an attack of fever, is again conducting the meetings at the First M. E. church.

Rev. H. S. Boyd, the United Presbyterian minister, is assisting in a series of meetings at Martin's Ferry this week.

Conductor Huntsman is in charge of the C. & W., St. Clairsville train on account of the illness of Conductor Peffer.

The trial of Robert Robson for his assault upon Miss Edith Crozier will take place at St. Clairsville next week.

Thomas F. Hart left yesterday for his home in Muncie, Ind., and took with him Miss Erma Morris, a niece.

The colored folks will give a concert in city hall this evening.

Walter Cowen, of St. Clairsville, was in town yesterday.

MARTIN'S FERRY.

Haps and Mishaps in the Thriving City Across the River.

The three representatives of "Vano," who have been holding forth at the Opera house and Hotel St. Clair, had announced a lecture for ladies only last night, and several hundred of them did not take place because L. Moore, the manager of the Opera house, refused to open the house unless the "doctors" paid the rent for the week. They did not put up the cash and the "lecture" was declared off. To-night was to have been for men only.

The board of directors of the Aetna-Standard mill met yesterday, but did not settle the tin plate matter, from what could be learned. In addition to regular routine business several matters were discussed, and one of the directors told an INTELLIGENCER reporter that there was nothing further for publication at present.

"Nativity" at St. Paul's Episcopal church to-night will draw well. There will be five violins, two flutes, two clarinets, three horns and an organ in the orchestra, and in the chorus there will be eight sopranos, five altos, six tenors and ten basses.

The Martin's Ferry glassworkers who have been employed at the glass factory at Central City, W. Va., expect to return to that place in a day or two, the bond question having been settled. The Central City works is a union factory.

Mrs. Mary Berry was in town yesterday on her return from Colerain to Tama City, Iowa, where she attended the funeral of her father, Isaac Taylor.

The jury in the case of Mrs. Albert Whitlatch vs. George Dorsch for \$1,500 damages for selling whisky to her husband gave a verdict in favor of Dorsch.

In Colerain township about 300 persons have signed a remonstrance against the submission of the saloon question.

Thomas L. Williams has a chair cover made entirely of badges, and it is a collection that he is very proud of.

Thoburn Post, G. A. R., contemplates organizing a brass band in connection with the order.

Charles Stewart dislikes Indiana and expects to return to Martin's Ferry.

Hon. C. L. Weems, the prosecuting attorney, was in town yesterday.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHESNEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Montmore, Clarion Co., Pa., says: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Chas. R. Goetze, Will W. Irwin, John Klari, Wm. E. Williams, C. Monkenmiller, Wm. H. Haguen, H. C. Stewart, A. E. Schoole, J. Coleman, C. Schnepf, Wm. Monkenmiller, Wheeling, W. Va.; Borrio & Co., Bridgeport; B. F. Peabody & Son, Benwood.

REAL ESTATE.

TO LET.

Modern nine-roomed residence, 55 Sixteenth street.

Eight-roomed dwelling, with all conveniences, 811 Market street.

Modern ten-roomed house, with 22 acres of ground, at Tiltonville, six miles north of Martins Ferry, on lines of C. & P. and Wheeling & Lake Erie railroads. Many trains each way every day. Delightful location.

Eight-roomed dwelling, 101 Fourteenth street, seven-roomed dwelling, 82 Twelfth street.

Eight-roomed dwelling on motor line, a few minutes' ride from the city.

Seven-roomed dwelling, modern, 615 Main street.

Seven-roomed dwelling, modern, 136 Fourteenth street.

Eleven-roomed dwelling, best location in the city for an M. D.

Six-roomed dwelling, 2584 Market street.

Five-roomed dwelling, 2118 East street.

Five-roomed dwelling, 298 Wood street.

Four-roomed dwelling, 2579 Main street.

Three-roomed dwelling (now empty) 106 Virginia street.

Five-roomed dwelling, North Washburn street (now empty).

Modern flat, 1343 Chapline street.

Four-roomed dwelling, 1184 High street.

Six-roomed dwelling, 2118 East street.

Store room and dwelling, 2018 Chapline street.

Store room and dwelling, 1007 Main street.

All good rentable property. Come early if you want choice.

MONEY TO LOAN.

SMITH & DICKINSON, 1229 MARKET STREET.

MONEY TO LOAN.

FOR RENT.

No. 90 Fourteenth street, brick, seven rooms.

No. 6 Virginia street, brick, seven rooms.

No. 28 South Broadway street, six rooms.

No. 1218 Market street, third floor, two rooms.

No. 117 North Huron street, three rooms, \$10.

No. 131 Sixteenth street, eight rooms, \$20.

No. 45 Fifteenth street, brick dwelling.

No. 127 Fourteenth street, seven rooms and bath.

No. 2529 East street, five-roomed brick.

No. 3712 Jacob street, four rooms.

No. 1103 McCulloch street, four rooms.

No. 1103 McCulloch street, second and third floors.

No. 2110 McCulloch street, four rooms.

Store building No. 1412 and 1414 Main street. Will improve to suit tenant.

No. 1542 Main street, three-story building, store room and dwelling, corner Fourteenth and McCulloch streets.

No. 81 Ohio street, five rooms, frame.

No. 1116 McCulloch street, three rooms, \$7.50.

No. 81 Ohio street, three rooms, \$5.00.

No. 2417 Alley B. two rooms, \$5.00.

No. 121 South Elm street, five rooms, \$12.50.

No. 147 McCulloch street, brick, \$11.00.

No. 2004 Wood street, second floor, brick, \$12.00.